

MARGINAL COLUMN
BY GEORGE LEONOF

The current paroxysm in the Formosa Straits is one of those easily predictable symptoms, like the inevitable next pulsation of a bad tooth, that nevertheless always seem to catch us unaware. It has been generally accepted that the Peking Government will not for ever acquiesce in the continuing existence of the Nationalist regime on Formosa. On the other hand, no solid reasoning supports the belief that, because this acquiescence was in the past enforced by American armed might, this deterrent will remain effective indefinitely. It might have, if the issue was that of military power alone, but the issue also concerns relative values: whether retention of Formosa by the Nationalists is worth as much to the U.S. as its acquisition is to the Communists.

France Alert As FLN Threatens More Sabotage

PARIS (Reuters). — Special security measures were in force throughout France on Wednesday to prevent any installations from further terrorist attacks by the Algerian National Liberation Front (FLN).

Troops and police are guarding electric power centers, railways and railway stations, steel works, ports, oil installations and even art galleries. The Ministry of Interior said that all police leave had been stopped and policemen on leave recalled.

FLN leader, Ferhat Abbas, said in Cairo on Tuesday, in an interview published here by the independent left-wing newspaper "Combat," that civilians would be spared, but that the attacks would continue, aimed at weakening France's economic and military strength.

Police said Wednesday that 30 Algerians detained for questioning after Monday's incidents had confessed that they carried out terrorism in Paris at the orders of the FLN.

Shot in Metro

Terrorism continued on Tuesday night with attacks on individuals. A soldier is in critical condition after receiving three bullet wounds in the back in a Paris underground railway station.

Three policemen were wounded, two of them seriously, by two Algerians who they asked for their identity papers. About 200 North Africans were arrested immediately afterwards.

The independent "Paris Presse" said in a special article that the terrorist campaign had been planned over the past 12 months, and that it had been decided to put the plan into effect at a meeting of FLN leaders in Geneva three weeks ago.

The paper complained that the Government did not have suitable powers for dealing with the situation, and that the army saw in this yet another proof that the civil authorities could not control terrorism in France.

De Gaulle in Algeria While Rebels Plan Terror Wave

ALGERS (Reuters). — General Charles de Gaulle arrived by air on Wednesday amid reports that the Algerian insurgents planned violent action similar to the wave of attacks in France this week.

Officials think the terrorist National Liberation Front (FLN) will do everything to disturb his visit, "playing their last card" to influence the voting in September in the referendum on the new constitution for the French Union.

Increased security precautions were taken when the Premier arrived from Dakar, Senegal, on the last stage of his 22,000 kilometer tour of Africa to rally support for the new constitution.

His aircraft was escorted by fighters, and Air Force units were alerted. The Premier was met by General Remy Salan, his Delegate-General in Algeria, and other senior officials. He then headed for Algiers in an open car with a police motorcycle escort, along a route lined with armed troops and radio command cars.

This is the General's third trip to Algeria since he came to power last June 1 after the neo-revolution in Algiers on May 18.

He will be here for two days of highly secret talks and trips throughout the territory, and his task will not be easy.

He must convince the nine million Moslems of Algeria that they should vote for his Fifth Republic Constitution and he must convince the territory's one million European residents that he has no plans to give Algeria independence.

It was reported Wednesday that a time-bomb exploded near a petrol depot in Oranville, western Algeria, on Monday night but the explosion blew down only two huts.

Fifteen insurgents have been killed in a battle with security forces near Nedroma, a leader of the FLN, and four were killed and eight captured in an action near Guelma, in the east.

Police reported Tuesday night that they had arrested a leader of the illegal Algerian Communist Party, Andre Stuis, in Algiers.

2,000 Homeless In French Sudan Floods

BAMAKO, French Sudan (Reuters). — More than 2,000 people were reported homeless on Wednesday as floodwaters of the Senegal river and violent tornadoes devastated the region between Kayes and Bafoulabe in the French Sudan. Many villages are under water.

Military stores at Kayes have been evacuated and troops are on guard against looting.

TYPHOON TOLL IN JAPAN IS DEAD

TOKYO (Reuters). — The death toll of Typhoon "Flossie," which struck Western and Central Japan on Wednesday rose to 13 with 39 persons missing and 29 injured, police reported.

Berliners Not Amused By 'Great Dictator'

LONDON (INA). — Charlie Chaplin's "The Great Dictator," which parodies Hitler, had its first public showing in Germany on Tuesday when it opened in a West Berlin cinema, correspondents of British morning papers reported.

They said that although there was some laughter from the audience in the early part of the film, there was no laughter and no applause in the later parts. The film was first generally shown in 1940.

EGYPT ASKS U.S. FOR MEDICAL SUPPLIES

WASHINGTON (UPI). — The Bureau of Foreign Commerce announced on Wednesday that the U.A.R. has invited American firms to bid for delivery of large quantities of penicillin and other anti-biotic, medical bandages and heavy drugs.

Sharav Ending

Jerusalem Post Staff

The five-day sharav which brought torrid weather to the hill regions, while the coast sweltered, is due to come to an end on Thursday (today), but humidity will continue to be high in the Tel Aviv area.

Temperatures are due to drop throughout the country as cool air begins to flow into the region, but humidity will continue to be high in the Tel Aviv area.

MEIR REPORTS TO KNESSET COMMITTEE

Foreign Minister Golda Meir on Wednesday reported to the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee on her recent meetings with Western European Government leaders. She gave a detailed account of her mission to France, Britain and Italy, after which the Committee discussed her report.

Meir will reply to points raised by the Committee at a meeting in Tel Aviv on Tuesday. The Committee will then also decide on its attitude regarding requests which have been made for the Knesset to convene for a political debate during the present summer recess.

A meeting was opened by the chairman, Mr. Meir Argov, who welcomed the Foreign Minister on behalf of the Committee and stressed the importance of her mission.

Libia Uncovers Mass Smuggling of Explosives

MONROVIA, Liberia (Reuters). — An undisclosed number of persons, including an unnamed American pilot, were arrested on Tuesday following the discovery of "wholesale smuggling" of explosives into Liberia. It was announced on Wednesday.

A proclamation issued by President William Tubman said the smuggling of high explosives, gunpowder, and dynamite had been going on in the Grand Capemont area on the Atlantic coast, near the Sierra Leone border.

Cairo Press Attacks Sudan Nile Diversion

CAIRO (Reuters). — The press on Wednesday assailed the Sudanese Government which diverted Nile waters on July 1 for an irrigation scheme.

"Al Gomhouria" said the Sudan could not repudiate the 1929 Anglo-Egyptian Nile Waters Agreement which regulates the sharing of the waters between the two countries. It said the Sudanese reply to Egypt's protest against the diversion of the waters was filled with fallacious arguments.

(The Sudanese reply said it did not recognize the 1929 agreement, but was negotiating with Egypt on the dispute. It said the water it is using would otherwise be wasted.)

Al-Khbar alleged that the Sudan had tried with one stroke of the pen to deprive the Egyptian people of their very subsistence by repudiating the 1929 agreement. "How can negotiations be held under such threats," it asked.

Sudan Seen Most Vital to Nasser

NEW YORK (INA). — Unless he can be assured of either outright control in Khartoum, or a friendly government there, Abdul Nasser cannot be sure of the control of Arab nationalism with Egypt as the headquarters, Ray Vickers, Middle East correspondent of the "Wall Street Journal," wrote in a lengthy editorial on Wednesday.

He pointed out that the Sudan is a most important economically for Egypt. Syria, the Lebanon, Jordan or any other Middle East state. In the Sudan as elsewhere, Nasser's support is based on the fact that he has successfully peddled that in the Suez operation he strategically withdrew his forces before the Israelis then manoeuvred them to face the British and French whom he outwitted with the help of Russia.

U.S. Sees Better Chances For Middle East Progress

WASHINGTON (Reuters). — President Eisenhower said on Wednesday that the U.N. General Assembly's resolution on the Middle East had created an atmosphere that gave a better chance to make progress in that area.

Asked at his press conference how he assessed the chances of a long-term peace settlement in the Middle East, the President said they were better than they were before.

He added that the chances could not be evaluated in absolute terms.

Nuclear Reprisal

Mr. Eisenhower declared that any nation foolish enough to engage in a nuclear attack on the U.S. would be destroyed.

He made this statement in answer to a question bearing on the recent controversy about whether the U.S. would ever be prepared to surrender to the Soviet Union to save the world from destruction in a nuclear war.

The questioner asked him if, in his opinion, the U.S. could ever be defeated in an all-out first-blow nuclear war, and was it his position that the U.S. must take the first blow?

The President said that there was a way of coming about in circumstances not foreseen by humans, and added that he saw no reason why the U.S. would necessarily have to take the first blow. It must be short.

A.P. Correspondent Ousted from Jordan

AMMAN (Reuters). — An Associated Press correspondent, Reinhold Enns, was on Wednesday ordered to leave Jordan. He was taken under police escort to his hotel to pack.

An official spokesman said Enns was asked to leave because of an article he wrote about King Hussein. Enns is normally based in Berlin.

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These latest walkouts were in addition to 3,500 out on strike at the Ford and Chrysler plants here and in Cleveland, Ohio.

Labour trouble began to snowball in the car manufacturing industry this month as the manufacturing plants geared up for the production of the new model cars. United Auto Union members have been working without contracts, as General Motors, Ford and Chrysler since the breakdown of negotiations for higher pay scales and increased benefits earlier this year.

Syria Suspends Two Palestine Officers

Two Syrian officers of Palestine origin, Cola Azouli and Taha, have been suspended for a period of two years because they had openly criticized the dismissal of the former Iraqi Chief of Staff, Gen. Arif Buzri, according to Amman Radio on Wednesday.

Arkansas Governor Gets Power To Close Little Rock Schools

LITTLE ROCK, Arkansas (Reuters). — Both Houses of the Arkansas State Legislature on Wednesday gave overwhelming approval to a bill proposed by Governor Orval Faubus, giving him authority to close schools rather than submit to forced integration of White and Negro children.

Observers said the Legislature's action was a bold move, with unusual speed in order to confront the U.S. Supreme Court meeting in special session in Washington on Thursday (today) to consider Little Rock's school integration problems — with a fait accompli.

The Lower House passed the legislation about closing schools by 94 to 1. The Senate passed the same bill by 38 to 0.

Last year, racial disorders broke out when Negro children tried to attend the Central High School and President Eisenhower ordered paratroopers in to maintain order and ensure safety of the Negroes.

It was learned that the Faubus administration is working on a strategy where by it could close a public school one day and open it almost immediately as a private, segregated institution. The key to the whole programme is already on the state's lawbooks and has been since Reconstruction days. It allows an "exclusive" public school to be used as a private school.

In Washington, President Eisenhower told his news conference that he may have remarked to friends that mixture of the races in schools should proceed at a slower pace, but that he remained determined to enforce any Federal court orders that insist on integration now.

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Extra	115 Pruta per egg
Extra (Mixed)	110 Pruta per egg
Extra (Normal)	105 Pruta per egg
"A" Type	95 Pruta per egg
"B" Type	80 Pruta per egg

TNUVA LTD.
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Norstad in Athens

ATHENS (Reuters). — The Supreme Commander Allied Forces Europe, General Lauris Norstad, arriving here on Wednesday on a surprise visit. He is to have talks with Greek defence chiefs and members of the Government.

Formosa Fears Attack; China Continues Snelling

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This brings to over 100,000 the number of shells fired from the mainland since Saturday. The Nationalists did not say if they retaliated.

However, Tiao Hsi-sheng, President Chiang Kai-shek's senior adviser, warned on Wednesday that the Communist bombardment was "very likely" a prelude to all-out war. He said that he did not believe the Communists would hesitate to risk war even if the U.S. openly defended the offshore islands.

Tiao pointed out that even in the Middle East, the Communist world-conquering tactics from political infiltration to armed aggression.

He made the statement as reports from Washington published here said that Formosa had been given to understand that the U.S. was reluctant to help defend the islands.

In Tokyo it was announced that units of the U.S. Marine Corps were being moved to Formosa to take part in manoeuvres with Nationalist forces. At the same time American military commanders briefed Japanese leaders on the Formosa Straits situation at a meeting of the Japanese-U.S. Security Council in Tokyo.

The U.S. Army Secretary, Mr. Wilbur Brucker, the U.S. Pacific Area Commander, Admiral Harry Felt, the Army Commander in the Pacific, Gen. I. D. White and the commander of U.S. forces in Japan, Gen. A. L. Burns.

London reports said that the U.S. and Britain are consulting about the Formosa situation. Britain, it was stated, had been reluctant at first to enter into consultations because she recognizes the Peking Government, while the U.S. recognizes the Nationalist regime.

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The Governor made his statement as a result of hundreds of letters and telegrams protesting that he was not coming to his office from the U.S. and abroad ever since Wilson's fate became known.

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In its new bulletin, the radio asserted that "Hussein's criminal gang cooperates with Israel behind the backs of the Arab people."

Meanwhile, Khalaf al-Khazri, who was Minister of State of Foreign Affairs in the Arab Union Government of Iraq and Jordan, arrived in Beirut from Baghdad. He had been in hospital since July 14 when he was attacked by a mob in Baghdad on the outbreak of the Iraqi revolution.

With him was Farhan Shubailat, Jordan Ambassador to Baghdad, who, on the outbreak of the revolt, took refuge in the Embassy of an unnamed Moslem country, and was permitted to leave Iraq.

In Baghdad, it was announced that the Iraqi Government has lifted the restrictions on private and business bank accounts, except where they are still subject to official investigation.

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Notices to the Public

DIRECT DIALLING.
The Ministry of Posts announces the inauguration of direct dialling system for subscribers in Kiryat Tivon and Haifa, beginning on September 1956, at 7 a.m. Kiryat Tivon subscribers will thus be included in the countrywide direct dialling system.

Details concerning dialling and prices for automatic trunk calls may be obtained at all post offices as well as from the Central Telephone Exchange.

**MAGEN DAVID ADOM
TEL AVIV
TELEPHONE NUMBER**

The Ministry of Posts wishes to draw the attention of tele-

phone subscribers to an error in the number of MAGEN DAVID ADOM as given in the name Telephone Directory for 1987/88. The first page listing subscribers in Tel Aviv-Yafo, Ramat Gan, etc.

The number of MAGEN DAVID ADOM, Tel Aviv, should be 64333 and not 4333.

The number of the page question has, further, been omitted: the page should carry the number 83.

Subscribers are kindly requested to note these amendments to their directories.

<h1>Tel Aviv Stock Market</h1>	
<h2>AUGUST 27, 1968</h2>	
Pop. Loan 1968/69 (IL30)	300
5% Comp. Loan 68/69	71
Pal. Railways Bds. Ser. 2	80
5% Comp. Loan	64
5% War Loan 54/59	80
5% Target Dollar at	84
5% New Sterling "A"	80
Def. Loan Bonds 63 1/2	27 1/2
4 1/2% Def. Bonds (C)	103
6 1/2% Def. Bonds (C)	107 1/2
6 1/2% Loc. C. Debt. (C)	103 1/2

63% Loc. C. Debs. 7)	256
Pt. Elec. pref. sh. (Ldn.)	208
63% Bonds 55/55 1)	104
ditto 6)	115
Keweenaw Raywood	
54% Deb. 55/55 7)	102
ditto 6)	108
6% Deb. 55/55 2)	101
ditto 6)	104
Igroth 64% Deb. 55/55	
Kansas 63% Deb. 55/55	
Class "A" 1)	301
Class "B" 3)	111
St. Louis pref. sh.	115
Boeher Savings Cert. '99	95
St. Louis Investment	
Ord. sh. '99 reg.	100
Ata ord. '99 sh.	
"Tardach" ord. '99	
7% Conv. debts. 59/59	
"T" ord. sh.	80

Pal. Cold St. ord. sh. reg.	140
Pasa 4% deba. 60/64 reg.	84
Rixar 4% deba. 56/65	80
Nir 5% pref. sh.	79
Gen. Mortg. Bk. ord. sh.	81
Massco 6% pref. ord. sh.	87
I.L.D.C. ord. sh. reg.	83
5% deba.	81
Afr. Pal. inv. ord. sh.	61
Moller ord. sh. reg.	108
Pal. Brewery 8% con. deba.	83

Assle telephone "A" 85 17
 Number 6% debts "A" 85/84 117
 Pal. Fotash "A" ord. sh. 86
 Dead Sea Works 23
 5% Deb. reg. 23
 Belek ord. sh. "C" 86
 Mekorot pref. sh. 86
 Jordan Exploration Co. 86
 Ord. sh. reg. 86
 Notes: a) purchasing price.
 selling price: c) ex-compos:
 ex-dividend: d) ex-right:
 linked with: e) g) linked v
 c-o-l.

TURKISH TOBACCO
100% NICOTINE
100% PLEASURE

WANTED
First Rate
CUTTER
(Female)
for Ready Made
Ladies' Dresses

prize

YPIST
immediately.
know English, Hebrew, and
to handle accounts.
apply in writing, giving details
ous experience, and references.
pist," P.O.B. 557, Jerusalem.

